til to-morrow.

The conference on the Japanese indemnit bill reported disagreement, and a new conference was ordered.

After an executive session the Senate ad

CRIMINAL CHRONICLE.

A Vigorous Protest Against Convict L bor in Arkansas.

High-Hauded Outrage at Little Bock Spicy Scandal.

Special to the Appeal.]
LITTLE ROCK, July 27,—Excitement run

high here. This evening about 4 o'clock a street-car driver named Butler, who refused to stop his car for a colored procession, was

run through the thigh with a sword by

George Hines, the leader of the body, and

dangerously injured. The police were power less to place Hines in the stationhouse, an

he would only submit to arrest on condition

that he be taken to Sheriff Oliver, a Reput lican. Two hundred colored men accom-

panied him to the sheriff's office, where I

was released, the sheriff stating that he

would go on his bond for any amount

Mayor Kramer will place the whole matter

Robbed and Hurdered.

Lexington, Kr., July 27.—Jacob Johnson, a farmer, was waylaid and robbed Tuesday night of \$180. To-day be died of the injuries received from the robbers.

Suicide of a Jew Peddler.

before Governo: Churchill to-morrow.

THE Independent Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania have formally received all the Stateart propositions for harmony. This will probably give the State to

latest news from Ireland gives a more account of the crop prospect there. ato rot, it appears, is confined to low, and. It is sincerely to be wished and's great troubles may not become

ng our war, in favor of stopping tting "the erring sisters go," are people in England, including nent now, from every point of view, would e to abandon Egypt altogether, the advanages of the canal being more than offset by cost and trouble of maintaining it.

wing to the discovery by Prof. Koch of nimalcula in the lungs. We regret to see associated phenomenon, not a causative factor in tubercles." Prof. Koch was not, in fact, the original discover, but Prof. Klebs. who described the enforces two years ago.

by postal charges, was \$42,795,814 48. It appears from the same report that the value of stamps of all kinds, including postal cards and enveloper, was \$34,625,435 91. That is to say, we have the statistical paradox that

be to turn the cotton markets of the world

It must be remembered that the great land truggle now proceeding in Ireland is altolaborers? At a recent meeting of 5000 laborers resolutions were adopted asking that the They were side issues not named in his plat-

arnell; the world goes on seeking gold, not their struggie with those who pervent tice and who violate the obligations man

rintion of gold began again last week The total amount sent out of the country was \$1,719.426, making a total of \$37,848,810 ates have been deposited in the preasury | General Bate is again speaking. naual amounts since the effort to force nouses to use them. At New York tomhouse during the last week of June, 1,000 in the first week of July, \$802,000 ek. Apparently congressional action has S ocreased, but has distinctly diminished

evidence of agreement among the powers on some course of united proceeding. What views are entertained by Germany, Austria, Russia and Italy? On the whole, confidence on the part of close observers does not grow stronger, but the contrary, as the days succeed each other, and no final agreement is prived at.

The committee appointed in 1863, at Fisenach, for the revision of Luther's translation of the Bible, has held its last meeting at Halle, and there is every prospect that the part of close observers does not grow stronger, but the contrary, as the days succeed each other, and no final agreement is prived at.

Of the Democracy at Union City to Re ceive General Bate-Over Five

People in Attendance-Obion Solid the Regular Nominee-An Old-Fashioned Barbecue.

pecial to the Appeal. UNION CITY, TENN., July 27 .- Not since the days of Jones, Henry and Johnson hes there been such a political gathering in Tennessee as that which so enthusiastically met General Bate, the Democratic candidate for governor, at Union City to-day. Fully 5000 people were present, many being from the eighboring counties of Gibson, Weakley and

Major Smith introduced General Bate i neat speech as the standard-bearer of Democracy, saving General Bate was a man who had always been a true Democrat, never deserting or builting because he did not receive political preferment, but was always found fighting in the ranks or wherever his party placed him. This gallant soldier and tesman has been placed in command of time of political peril, and the Democracy of Obion county will present a solid front for him. The immense crowd was evidently in full sympathy with General Bate and the Democratic platform.

spoke for two and a half hours, his brilliant eloquence, coupled with his clear and logical carried than was paid for. Even such an their boots. He had the closest attention, expert as Postmaster Pearson, of New York, and the crowd showed their approval by frequent applause. He said the Democracy in this contest was confronted by the main army of the Republican party, with Hawkins at Every now and then some wise person its head, while Fussell, the bolter, with a vises the South to grow less cotton, because flank, and Beasley, with his Greenbackism crop of last year, Liverpool has on hand a and threatened repudiation, was firing into

as experienced by Tennesseans in the past. ed out of this country." This statement His appeal to Democrats of every shade to hows that for us to reduce our crops would stand by the party in this critical bour was a magnificent piece of eloquence, producing a fine effect. His argument for unity and its importance, and against the bolters' groundless position, was simply unanswer able. General Bate said he had been waited proposition. In reply he had to say that he did not recognize the right of any man or organization, however much he might respect them, to introduce any plank in his platform.

They were side issues not named in his platform, and no, one had a right to add to or ske from it. He said he had here to be a first man and that another reason was, that often good were imported which have not such a large sale, but which h we have heard so much about, what has been organization, however much he might respect

INTEREST OF THE WHISKY MEN. As to the four-mile law, he said it had for ded there. The khedive's form, and said he would not recommend its refishing village, but had of rate years are described in the part of the part

through the vast crowd, and is satisfied that this county will give Bate within 100 of her

the European powers | Ist; New Prospect, 2d; Lagrange, 3d; Slate | Springs, 5th; Pittsboro, 7th; Sarepta, 8th;

wers! A. M. Melson, private secretary or Sione for aix years, has arrived th bis family, where he will

Money, late of Clinton College, "I open a Bailey Park and buildings, and was high school.

the thirty original priers fourteen only remain, sixteen bring died since the work began. No illeration of Luther's translation has been admitted unless sanctioned by two thirds of the committee. The next step will be the publication of the text, show revised, in order to submit it to the judgment of the theological faculties in the astronomic stream of the public at large. After thir remarks have been received and considered, which may take two or three years more, the new version will be published and recommended for adoption in all Protestant churches in Germany.

A MATTER OF DOUBT.

A MATTER OF DOUBT.

A MATTER OF DOUBT.

Some Difference of Opinion as to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported back the resolution calling upon the secretary of the navy for copies of all correspondence with, or instructions to, Kear-Admiral Nicholson, relative to his extraordinary threat to open fire upon the city of Alexandria under certain contingencies and also to inform the House whether he had been informed that American soldiers and officers had been performing police duty in Alexandria under the British admiral. Mr. Williams

A High Compliment to Representative Atkins—Confirmations—Army Mather and product of the committee were in possible to the resolution calling upon the secretary of the resolution calling upon the secretary of the navy for copies of all correspondence with, or instructions to, Kear-Admiral Nicholson, relative to his extraordinary threat to open fire upon the city of Alexandria under certain contingencies and also to inform the House whether he had been performing police duty in Alexandria under the British admiral. Mr. Williams

A High Compliment to Representative Atkins—Confirmations—Army Mather and the committee were in possible to the resolution calling upon the secretary of the resolution calling upon the secretary of the resolution calling upon the secretary of the navy for copies of all correspondence with, or instructions of the theory for copies of all correspondence with, or instructions

THE TARIFF CORMISSION.

Long Branch, N. I., July 27.—The Tariff Commission opened is season this morning by giving a hearing to James Headrick, of the Albany (N. Y.) Aniline Factory, who gave a history of the business.

French, assistant sectory of the treasury,

by giving a bearing is James Headrick, of the Albany (N. Y.) shilline Factory, who gave a history of the basiness.

French, assistant entry of the treasury, broading the stream of the continued his explaints and suggestions. He suggested avoides of compound duties. They should be all the stream and eleminions and such as "goods of like description" and "goods for similar nee." These were perfect trape to citch lawnuis. Ambiguity often arose also from articles being put under differst classes. The third suggestion which he made was the importance of the avoidance of practicable distinctions. On this point he mentioned the case of sickel, which pays a tax of thirty cents on the pound; and nickel alloyed with copper such pays only twenty cente per pound. Was that bill was passed an alloy of half copper and half nickel was being imported, and that was the reason for the distinction; but is order to evade the law importance and dualities. On the question of the superior of the law sould be legally collected. The drift of all these suggestions was that the commission said consult experts and eliminate as may as possible of these contradictions and dualities. On the question of specific and a sufferen duties, the only real thought as the determine which form is better for an particular article under consideration. It could not be said that, as a general thus, a specific duty was better than an ad salms one or the reverse. No general rule cost he applied by which educine and the sufference of the contradictions, and the sufference of the contradiction and dualities. On the question of the sufference of the contradictions, and dualities for fraud. He next present to the question of the sufference of the contradiction of the contradiction of the contradiction of the contradictions and dualities. On the question of the contradictions and dualities. On the question of the contradictions and dualities. On the question of the contradiction of

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Secretary Chan-dier stated to-day that he was satisfied that Rear-Admiral Nicholson, commanding the European station, had acted in a discreet and proper manner in all he had done for the protection of American interests at

THE EDUCATIONAL BILL

washington, July 21.—An attempt was made in the House to-day to put through a bill appropriating \$10,000,000 a year for the education of the illiterate of the United States. It failed because of objections.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Confirmations:
James Riley, of Weaver, W. Va., secretary
of legation and consul-general of the United
States at Vienna; John T. Robeson, of Tennessee, consul of the United States at Bayreuth; James C. Talman, surreyor-general at
Oragon; James Dumas, receiver of public
moneys at Springfield, Mo.; E. P. Alien, of
Michigan, Iudian agent at Mackinac Agency,
Mich.; William H. Swan, of Pennsylvania,
Indian agent at Cheyents River Agency,
Dak.; William G. Henderson, collector of
customs on Pearl river, Miss.; S. C. Callman,
postmaster at Desoto, Mo.

ACTS APPROVED CROSS CONVENTION. WASHINGTON, July 27 .- The President

public building at Marquette, Mich., and the act fixing the time for holding the terms of the Crouit and District Courts of the United States in the morthern district of Ohio. The President has also made proclamation of the ratification of the treaty between the United States, Switzerland and the other contracting powers, giving in the adhesion of this government to the terms of what is known as the Geneva Red Cross convention.

FORT WORTH, TEX., July 27.—The Rev. Harvey Stearns, a prominent preacher, to-day became involved in a fight with a farmer named Jefferson, whom he struck with a club, inflicting, it is believed, a fatal wound. Stearns fled, but was captured and lodged in jail.

the second section of the second

ported a disagreement, and a further conference was ordered.

Mr. Williams [Wia], chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported back the resolution calling upon the secretary of the navy for copies of all correspondence with, or instructions to, Rear-Admiral Nicholson, relative to his extraordinary threat to open fire upon the city of Alexandria under certain contingencies and also to inform the House whether he had been informed that American soldiers and officers had been performing polics duty in Alexandria under the British admiral. Mr. Williams stated that the committee were in possession of all information on the subject, and asked that the committee were in possession of all information be tabled and the documents containing the information printed. So ordered.

Mr. McKenzie [Ky.] made an ineffectual effort to secure the passage of a bill for a public building at Owensboro, Ky., and gave notice that it would hereafter be difficult to obtain unanimous consent for the considera-

public building at Owensboro, Ky, and gave notice that it would hereafter be difficult to obtain unanimous consent for the consideration of any measure.

The proposition to adjourn over till Monday received but few votes.

The House adjourned until to-morrow.

Senate.—The naval appropriation bill was taken up. The question was, upon motion of Senator Cameron [Pa.], to recommit the bill with instructions to eliminate all general legislation changing the existing laws in regard to the navy.

The debate was interrupted by Senator Williams, who offered an amendment to be proposed by the sundry civil service directory, the autorney-general to secretain what would be just and reasonable compensation for the services rendered by Charles H. Reed in the defense of Charles J. Guiteau, and to make allowance therefor not exceeding \$5000.

Referred.

Debate was then resumed, and after a long discussion the motion to recommit was rejected—yeas, 29; nays, 34.

The bill then went over without action until to-morrow.

publishes a letter from Arabi Pasha which declares that any person found in possession of the proclamation dismissing Arabi Pasha from the ministry circulated by the khedive's emissaries will be court-martialed. The army will do its duty and defend the country to the last extremity. If the commercial and political interests of the powers do not induce them to stop the Eritish invasion a terrible struggle must ensue. Some Italians, Swiss, Germans and French remain in the public administration, and continue to receive marks of confidence, notwithstanding the British intrigues to depopulate Egypt.

SOLDIERS BEING LANDED. Eight hundred troops are now being landed from the troop-ship Orontes. The Orontes, after their disembarkment, will proceed to Port Said and land marines. GREAT ACTIVITY IN THE ENEMY'S LINES.

GRAT ACTIVITY IN THE ENEMY'S LINES.
There is great activity in the enemy's lines. Egyptian soldiers disguised as Bedouins carried off ten cases of gunpswder from Fort Mukbebe, near Meks. Emissaries from Arabi Pasha have been preaching in the mosques at Mukbebe almost daily. It has been, therefore, decided to occupy the fort, and also the fort commanding the road along the shore of Lake Marcotis, near which the patrols of the enemy are frequently seen.

ACTIVITY IN ARABI'S LINES INCREASING.

Arabi Pasha has written the sultan as fol-ows: "I trust it is false, as enemies of Islam assert, that Ottoman troops are coming to Egypt, as I should have to oppose them by force."

A RUMOR. It is rumored that Arabi Pasha has with-drawn with the bulk of his army to Daman-hour, leaving outposts at Kafir El Dwar.

Lord Charles Beresford acknowledges the immense services so generously rendered by 120 American marines, lan'ed in Alexandria after the bombardment.

AN OFFICIAL TELEGRAM
from the rebel government, dated Cairo,
July 26th, says: "Armament continues on
an extensive scale. Volunteers are arriving
from upper and lower Egypt. Some of the
chiefs of the Bedouins, and who, prior to
the bombardment, were known as partisans
of the khedive, have promised fidelity, and
all the best class of Musselmans, including
the princes and princesses of the khedive's
family now in Cairo, are aiding the government. The ladies have formed a committee
for the preparation of lint. The British
have been defeated in an engagement, leaving forty killed."

1 o'CLOCK P.M.—The threatening activity rithin Arabi Pasha's lines increases. ARABI TO THE SULTAN.

It is doubtfut whether Cherif Pashs will consent to form a ministry for the khedive.

Admiral Seymour has addressed the following letter to the khedive regarding the false statements discalated by Arabi Pasht and those acting under his orders: "I think it right to repeat that Great Britain has 60 intention of conquering Egypt for herself, or of interfering in any way with the religion or the liberties of the Egyptians. Har only object is to protect the khedive and the Egyptians against the rebells. Great Britain is determined to suppress the rebellion and restore order. I beg that you will warn the soldiers not to obey the rebel commanders. The British government advises the Egyptians to regard Arabi Pashs and his accomplices as traitors to their sovereign and enemies of themselves and their country."

tee on Indian Affairs, and Mr. Deering called up the Senate bill granting the right of way for railroad and telegraph purposes to the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company through the lange of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations.

After some discussion the bill passed.

Mr. Williams, from the Committee of Conference on the Japanese indemnity bill, re-

AGAIN IN FLAMES.

Insulting. The soldiers are making threats. The vessels now in the harbor are as follows: Five British, four French, one Greek, one Spanish, one German and one Italian.

Night before last the inhabitants of an Arab village here, led by native priests, attempted to enter the European portion of the town, but were repulsed by the military. The following day the French consul applied to Admiral Conway for protection for French subjects. The French admiral subsequently asked Rear-Admiral Hockins to make joint occupation to preserve order, and this was arranged for last night, when De Lesseps suddenly returned from Ismalis. A violent scene occured between him and the representative of the French consul. De Lesseps said he considered Port Said his property; that the consul was a fool for asking for occupation; that it was playing into the hands of England to do so, and this there was no danger, as he had a guarantee for the safety of French subjects from the officer commanding the Arab troops. When everything was ready for landing, the French admiral refused to carry out his part of the arrangement. De Lesseps visited the governor and assistant governor, who were still on board the Mongolia, and Rear-Admiral Hoskins, but failed to bring them to his views.

Reinforcements are arriving every night

MINISTER MARSH TO BE BURIED AT ROME

ROME, July 27.—The body of American Minister Marsh will arrive here Sunday, to be taken to the protestant cemetery. FRANCE. THE FIVE PER CENT, RENTES Paris, July 27.—In the Chamber of Deputies the minister of finance stated that it would be impossible this year to convert the five per cent. reutes.

BERLIN, July 27.—The emigration from Germany to America thus far this year has decreased by 10,000, as compared with the same period in 1881. IRELAND.

DUBLIN, July 27.—From information gleaned here it appears that Westgate, or O'Brien, the man arrested in Venezuels, on his confession that he was concerned in the Phonix Park murders, is a Scotchman. On the day of the tragedy he sailed from Northwall for.—Swanses at 7 o'clock p.m., or ten minutes before the tragedy occurred, consequently he could not have been one of the assassins. Some of his friends were with him at Northwall an hour before the vessel sailed. The authorities here are confident that Westgate is innocent, though detectives have been sent to bring him to Ireland, in order to satisfy public feeling.

DESPERATE ATTEMPT AT ASSASSINATION. DESPERATE ATTEMPT AT ASSASSINATION.

A desperate but unsuccessful attempt was made to-day to assassinate the recorder of Dublin at the Green street courthouse. A tutor named Fitspatrick, being non-suited as plaintiff on a civil bill process, fired at the recorder with a revolver in open court, but fortunately he was seized by the defendant and collections. LAND IN CANADA FOR IRISH EMIGRANTS.

BELIEF IN O'BRIES'S STORY INCREASING.

America is largely represented at the performance of Parsifal at Bayreuth. BUSINESS HOUSES BURNED.

In the House of Commons Harcourt, home secretary, refused to answer questions relative to the arrest of O'Brien in Venezuela for connection with the murders of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Burke, on the ground that it would be inconsistent with the public interests.

Republican Meeting

HON. ALVIN HAWKINS,

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 1st.

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NAMEN IN THE MAY YEARS OF PROPARED IN NEXT DEUT. LADIES, EVERY ACTUAL TO PERSONNEL PROPARED IN THE PROPAGE OF T

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No. 116 South Main street, St. Louis. BUSBY, TOOF & CO

Relative to the offer of the Canadian government of land to Irish emigrants, the chief secretary for Ireland stated in Parliament that the lord lieutenant of Ireland was now communicating with the colonial office in regard to emigration to Canada. He said he would not be able to give fuller informable would not be able to give fuller information. The colonial office in the would not be able to give fuller information with the colonial office in the coloni 274 Front street, Memphis, Tenn.



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stantion. We constantly carefully selected stock fittable and vaner Organical Wines Republican Ticket.

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For Clerk Bartlett Court, LEVI P. BOLTON.
For Att'y-General Bartlett Court, GEO. ELLIOTT _H. BUTTENBERG Meacham&Horton TENTS, COTS,

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For County Trustee, JOE WALTER.

For Criminal Court Clerk, W. T. KENNEUT

For Circuit Court Clerk, O. W. VAUGHS.

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nts,